

44 Systems and Components

44.1 During winter operation an outside air handler pre-heats and humidifies $20^\circ F$ air with 50% relative humidity to $65^\circ F$ and 40% relative humidity. The humidification process consumes $1/2 gpm$ of water. What volume flow rate is required by the fan?

- A. 11,000cfm
- B. 12,000cfm
- C. 13,000cfm
- D. 14,000cfm

Both states are fully defined, however there is no information about the sensible or total load. Therefore focus on the humidification process. Use the **Psychrometric Chart** to obtain the humidity ratio for the outside air and the preheated air. Also note the specific volume for the entering air condition.

For State 1:

$$T_1 = 20^\circ F$$

$$\phi_1 = 50\%$$

$$\omega_1 = .00107 \frac{lb_w}{lb_{da}}$$

$$v_1 = 12.16 \frac{ft^3}{lb}$$

For State 2:

$$T_2 = 65^\circ F$$

$$\phi_2 = 40\%$$

$$\omega_2 = .00524 \frac{lb_w}{lb_{da}}$$

Calculate the change in humidity ratio:

$$\Delta\omega = \omega_2 - \omega_1 = .00524 \frac{lb_w}{lb_{da}} - .00107 \frac{lb_w}{lb_{da}} = .00417 \frac{lb_w}{lb_{da}}$$

Convert the mass flow rate of water from gpm to $\frac{lb}{min}$:

$$\dot{m} = \rho \dot{V}$$

$$\dot{m}_w = \left(62.4 \frac{lb}{ft^3}\right) \left(\frac{1ft^3}{7.48gal}\right) \left(.5 \frac{gal}{min}\right) = 4.17 \frac{lb}{min}$$

Apply the definition of the humidity ratio and solve for the mass flow rate of air. Isolate \dot{m}_a and solve:

$$\dot{m}_w = \dot{m}_a \Delta\omega \rightarrow \dot{m}_a = \frac{\dot{m}_w}{\Delta\omega} = \frac{4.17 \frac{lb_w}{min}}{.00417 \frac{lb_w}{lb_{da}}} = 1000 \frac{lb_{da}}{min}$$

Use the specific volume to change the mass flow rate of air to a volume flow rate:

$$\dot{V} = \dot{m}_a v = \left(1000 \frac{lb}{min}\right) \left(12.16 \frac{ft^3}{lb}\right) = 12,160 cfm$$

Answer B