

**37.28** Saturated liquid water at  $50\text{psia}$  is cooled to  $80^\circ\text{F}$  at constant pressure. What is the change in enthalpy during cooling?

- A.  $50\frac{\text{Btu}}{\text{lb}_m}$
- B.  $200\frac{\text{Btu}}{\text{lb}_m}$
- C.  $660\frac{\text{Btu}}{\text{lb}_m}$
- D.  $920\frac{\text{Btu}}{\text{lb}_m}$

Use the **Properties of Saturated Water and Steam** table to find the temperature of saturated liquid water at  $50\text{psia}$ :  $T_1 = 281^\circ\text{F}$

Equate the change in enthalpy to the quantity of heat removed:

$$q = \frac{Q}{m} = \Delta h = c_p \Delta T$$

Substitute and solve using the the specific heat capacity of liquid water,  $c_p = 1\frac{\text{Btu}}{\text{lb}_m^\circ\text{F}}$ :

$$\Delta h = c_p \Delta T = \left(1\frac{\text{Btu}}{\text{lb}_m^\circ\text{F}}\right) (281^\circ\text{F} - 80^\circ\text{F}) = 201\frac{\text{Btu}}{\text{lb}_m}$$

**Answer B**